



## **Appendix C**

### **Medium Term Financial Strategy – Financial Risk Analysis**

#### ***Impact of the outcome of the future Spending Reviews and Proposed Changes to Local Government Funding***

A one year Finance Settlement with one-off funding included makes budget planning difficult.

Risk is that funding will not increase in line with inflation and the funding cuts have a significantly greater impact on the Authority's financial position than currently envisaged as a result of the unknown factors. Assumptions beyond 2023/2024 are based on indicative data released by Government as part of the 2023/2024 settlement, adjusted for best local knowledge and information currently available, and will be updated regularly for the impact of government reviews of funding and related announcements.

#### ***Business Rates Retention Scheme***

Risk is that each district council does not collect the level of income indicated, which would then filter through to a reduction to the funding received, becoming a budget pressure in future years.

Risk that the Government's safety net level in the new arrangements is not directly linked to the level of business rates collectable and as such has been set too low.

From notifications of each district's business rates, the projected position for 2023/2024 is indicating a deficit over the government's assessment of business rates income, provided the level of business rates notified is actually collected in the year.

These risks will be mitigated by regular monitoring of the actual positions on collection with each of its district councils to identify issues and to take corrective action where possible. The Authority has earmarked funding in a separate reserve to address this risk should it arise.

#### ***Council Tax Support Scheme***

Risk that the new Council Tax Benefit schemes are determined by each district council so the Authority has little real influence over the schemes which could impact on the collectable income. This will become transparent when the surplus/deficit position on the Collection Fund is reported by each district.

The risk will be mitigated by regular monitoring of the actual positions on collection with each of its district councils, to identify issues and to take corrective action where possible. This action will complement funding that the Authority has earmarked in a separate reserve to address this risk should it arise.

### ***Inflation***

Risk is that pay and price increases may exceed the levels provided for within the MTFS.

This is very unlikely to occur due to the realistic provisions made:

- Prudent provision has been made for all employees' pay awards;
- Expenditure in respect of most of the budget heads can be either influenced or controlled.
- Provision has been made in the Authority's budget for the rise in inflation.

### ***Debt Charges***

Risk is that Debt Charges will be greater than budgeted.

This is very unlikely to arise due to:

- The current level of variable rate debt is low in comparison to the fixed-rate level of debt;
- The impact of the increase in interest rates has been considered. Future increases are expected to be gradual;
- The economic outlook is that base rates are likely to remain low over the course of the coming year and the Treasury Management Strategy can be adjusted to minimise the impact of any significant increases;

### ***Investment Interest***

Risk is that income generated will not match budget provision.

This is unlikely to arise in relation to investment income as a prudent rate of return has been included in the budget which reflects the investments made to date, the prevailing market conditions and the economic forecasts for the year ahead.

Other sources of income are small in the context of the overall budget.

### ***Contingencies***

Risk is that the contingency provision will be insufficient to meet the needs identified.

This is unlikely to occur due to:

- Prudent estimates included for each category of contingency provision;
- Specific contingencies are created for all known spending pressures;
- The total contingency provision is deemed sufficient in the context of the net revenue budget;
- Past experience suggests an underspending against the contingency provision;
- Can, if required, be supplemented by use of reserves should the need arise.

### ***Risk Management***

Risk is that all risks have not been identified and that major financial consequences may result.

This is very unlikely to occur due to:

- Existence of Bellwin Scheme;
- A corporate risk profile in place, which is regularly and formally reviewed, and action is taken to mitigate and manage risks;
- Authority risk management action plans developed;
- Comprehensive self and external insurance arrangements are in place;
- An adequate self insurance fund.

### ***Financial Planning***

Risk is that a major liability or commitment currently exists but has not been taken into account in the financial planning of the Authority.

This is unlikely to arise due to:

- The existence of a comprehensive Medium Term Financial Strategy process with regular updates during the year;
- Benchmarking and networking with other senior finance staff in other Authorities who are likely to identify similar liabilities.

### ***Revenue Budget - Budgetary Control***

Risk is that the budget will be overspent in the year.

This is very unlikely to occur due to:

- Monthly budget monitoring procedures;
- Quarterly Revenue Budget Budgetary Control reviews undertaken, reported to the Authority and corrective action agreed or set in train;
- Financial Procedure Rules relating to delegated budgets provide for virements and carry forward of under / over spending to be used / met in the following financial year;
- Clear budget management responsibilities in place;
- Demonstrable track record.

### ***Capital Programme Implications***

Risk is that funding will not be available as planned or that over spending may occur.

This is unlikely to happen due to:

- Prudent level of capital receipts retained;
- Quarterly Capital Programme Budgetary Control reviews undertaken through Resources Board, reported to the Authority and corrective action agreed or set in train;

- Revenue Contribution to Capital and prudential regime gives added flexibility in terms of financing the Capital Programme.

### ***Reductions to the Revenue Budget***

Risk is that planned reductions to the Revenue Budget will not occur or are unachievable.

This is unlikely to occur due to:

- The reductions to budgets planned have all been subject to due diligence and there are no significant barriers to implementation;
- The budgetary control processes that are in place will identify any shortfall and remedial action will be taken;
- Contingencies exist to safeguard against the non-realisation of some of the efficiency reductions.

### ***Income from Business Rates and Council Tax***

Risk is that forecast levels of income from Business Rates and Council Tax are not achieved.

This is unlikely to occur due to:

- A prudent approach taken in setting the forecast income levels;
- The establishment of enhanced monitoring processes to identify any shortfall and remedial action will be taken;
- Provision exists to meet any shortfall in business rates income above the safety net threshold;
- Government interventions may also be made depending on circumstances (eg in year losses additional grant funding).

### ***Availability of Other Funds***

Risk is that the Authority could not call on any other funds to meet unforeseen liabilities.

This is very unlikely as the Authority has a range of other funds which, whilst earmarked, are not wholly committed, so could be used in an emergency.

## Appendix D

### Statement of Earmarked Reserves and Provisions

Title and Purpose of Earmarked Reserve / Provision	Estimated Opening Balance (01/04/23)	Estimated Movement in 2023/2024	Estimated Closing Balance (31/03/24)
	£000	£000	£000
<b>Insurance Reserve</b> Reserve held to protect the Authority from unexpected volatility from changes in legislation that could be retrospective, unknown exposures that may arise in the future, and to cover a possible shortfall in the eventual settlement in respect of MMI.	1,021	0	1,021
<b>PFI Smoothing Reserve</b> Reserve established to smooth the impact of the PFI scheme on the Authority's revenue budget over the 25 year life-span of the scheme.	7,858	(1,467)	6,391
<b>Budget Carry Forward Reserve</b> Reserve established to fund the slippage of specific items of revenue expenditure.	1,498	(1,254)	244
<b>Transformation and Reform Reserve</b> Reserve covers expected costs following a review of the organisational changes required for the Authority to operate more effectively.	12,999	(9,786)	3,213
<b>Capital Development Reserve</b> Reserve created to fund medium term and long term capital and revenue developments.	2,138	(2,138)	0
<b>Medium Term Planning Reserve</b> Reserve established to plan for future grant reductions and the effects of localisation of business rates retention.	4,269	0	4,269
<b>Injury Pension Reserve</b> Negative reserve established to absorb the difference that would arise on the General Fund Balance from recognising the over claimed pensions top up grant as a long term liability. As annual repayments are made, the reserve will be reduced.	(6,139)	500	(5,639)
<b>Total Reserves that prevent an increase in revenue budgets</b>	<b>23,644</b>	<b>(14,145)</b>	<b>9,499</b>
<b>Resilience Reserve</b> Reserve to enable appropriate contingency	3,500	0	3,500

<b>Title and Purpose of Earmarked Reserve / Provision</b>	<b>Estimated Opening Balance (01/04/23)</b>	<b>Estimated Movement in 2023/2024</b>	<b>Estimated Closing Balance (31/03/24)</b>
	<b>£000</b>	<b>£000</b>	<b>£000</b>
arrangements to be put in place to ensure continued service delivery.			
<b>New Dimensions Reserve</b> Reserve to be used to provide for any adverse effect of potential changes in grant arrangements and to provide resources to support delivery of the Urban Search and Rescue response.	582	(70)	512
<b>ESMCP Reserve</b> Reserve to finance the Emergency Services Mobile Communications Project	1,080	(1,080)	0
<b>Total Reserves to support service delivery requirements</b>	<b>5,162</b>	<b>(1,150)</b>	<b>4,012</b>
<b>Total Reserves</b>	<b>28,806</b>	<b>(15,295)</b>	<b>13,511</b>