Health & Well-Being Scrutiny Committee Rehabilitation and Early Supported Discharge: Policy Review recommendations 2011/12

Ref	Recommendation	Action	Owner	Due Date	Progress Commentary
(a)	Policies and strategies should have an overarching emphasis on developing performance and outcome frameworks that create incentives towards a more integrated approach. To ensure oversight of the whole system approach described in this review, these recommendations should be referred to the Health & Wellbeing Board, with oversight of delivery of the actions by the Adults Partnership Board.	•			
(b)	In order to successfully reduce avoidable emergency admissions, further clarity is needed around which types of admissions are potentially avoidable and which interventions are likely to be effective for particular populations.	•			
(c)	A review of the ward-based discussion groups should be carried out based on an assessment of their success against the measures and in the context of the establishment of a Single Point of Access	•			
(d)	An audit of the timely supply and completeness of in-patient discharge information is required to set standards and quality monitoring of information continuity.	•			
(e)	How to achieve greater access and awareness of reablement, its impact and how it can complement Intermediate Care should be explored. This should include how reablement could be re- positioned to reach all those who could benefit by becoming an integral part of the 30-day post discharge process and how it could be expanded to an admission avoidance service.	•			

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(f)	The Committee would like to see the role of the district nurses aligned to the whole-system approach as described throughout this review and involved, as necessary, at each stage of a transfer of care.	•			
(g)	A working group should investigate possible solutions for a city- wide medication support model for vulnerable people living at home.	•			
(h)	Where evidence shows a disproportionate rate of hospital admissions from care homes, future contracts should include arrangements for employers to be required to release staff for training.	•			
(i)	In relation to the existing discharge panel, there is a need to review and reconfigure the model for decisions on long term care.	•			
(j)	An increased focus on mental health support within the community, through a model of clinical governance in the community would reduce the level of A&E access and subsequent in-patient care.				
(k)	There should be a check list of information needed by carers which could be used as a template for discharges.				